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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/767,770	01/30/2004	Hidehiko Ogawa	P24500	5547
7055	7590 10/06/2005		EXAMINER	
	JM & BERNSTEIN, P.	LEE, TOMMY D		
1950 ROLAND CLARKE PLACE RESTON, VA 20191			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			2624	
			DATE MAILED: 10/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/767,770	OGAWA, HIDEHIKO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thomas D. Lee	2624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 136(a). In no event, however, may a repl will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH e, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. ly be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
atus						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		•				
	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
isposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
pplication Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) △ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:		119(a)-(d) or (f).				
 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 09/461,402. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documen3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority	•	•				
application from the International Burea		eceived in this National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	eceived.				
tachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		mmary (PTO-413)				
✓ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ✓ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/1/04,7/6/04.		Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) led 3/4/05.				

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DETAILED ACTION

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Priority

- Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35
 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been filed in parent Application No.
 09/461,402, filed on December 15, 1999. Specification
- 2. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-5, 11-17, 20-23, 26-29 and 32-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,742,769 (Lee et al., hereinafter Lee).

Regarding claims 1-5 and 11-15 and 34, Lee discloses an image data communication apparatus connected to an image data source and to a network, and transmitting an e-mail to a receiving apparatus via the network, the e-mail including a mail from command and a mail message (column 7, lines 26-39), the image data communication apparatus comprising: a panel section configured to input a mail address of a user to the image data communication apparatus (in order to log in, a user

enters the e-mail address and password for authentication (column 5, lines 7-15)), the user distinct from the image data communication apparatus (user and image data communication apparatus are two different entities, and thus are inherently "distinct"); and a controller configured to set the mail address of the user, input by the panel section, into the mail message of the e-mail, whereby the mail address of the user set into the mail message of the e-mail can be utilized as a destination of a reply to the e-mail, the reply being sent from the receiving apparatus, or whereby a reply to the e-mail is returned to the mail address of the user (user's e-mail address copied into "reply-to" field (column 7, lines 36-40), enabling reply from receiving apparatus (column 7, lines 51-59)). The panel section comprises a personal computer connected to the image data communication apparatus and displaying an HTML document for storing the mail message of the user in the memory (PENTIUM®-based personal computer running on a 32-bit operating system such as Windows NT (column 3, lines 23-28)).

Lee does not disclose the transmission of image data attached to the e-mail.

However, it is well known in the art that image data may be transmitted as an attachment to an e-mail message. It is common practice to transmit a document or a picture via e-mail by scanning the document or picture and attaching it to the e-mail, and in such a case the attached document is inherently converted into a format for e-mail transmission. By providing for the transmission of scanned image data as an attachment, a greater variety of image data can be transmitted for immediate reception at the receiving apparatus, and thus it would have been obvious to modify the teaching

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of Lee by providing a scanner for inputting image data so that the image data may be transmitted as an attachment to an e-mail message, as is well known in the art.

Regarding claims 16, 17, 20 and 21, Lee further discloses a transmitter configured to transmit an e-mail to a receiving apparatus via the network, the e-mail including a mail from command and a mail message (column 7, lines 26-35).

Claims 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33 and 35 are method claims corresponding to above-rejected apparatus claims 1, 5, 11, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21 and 34, respectively. The method steps are either disclosed in Lee, or would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, as set forth above.

5. Claims 6-10, 18, 19, 24, 25, 30 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lee in view of U.S. Patent 5,878,230 (Weber et al., hereinafter Weber).

These claims differ from the above-rejected claims in that a reply to the e-mail can be sent to the user without requiring input of the mail address of the user at the receiving apparatus. Lee discloses the sending of a reply to the user, as mentioned above, but does not explicitly state that the user is not required to input the user's mail address. This limitation is disclosed in Weber (in known prior art system, a reply attribute is automatically generated, directing a reply to the sender or originator (column 3, lines 21-27)). Thus a person receiving an e-mail message need not enter the sender's e-mail address in the "to" field when replying to a message to the sender, thereby eliminating the possibility of entering the sender's address incorrectly.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the

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teaching of Lee by providing automatic reply attribute generation, as disclosed in Weber.

Double Patenting

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6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1-35 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-33 of copending Application No. 10/767,719. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because entry of a mail address, as recited in this application, is a well-known alternative to accessing the mail address stored in a memory, as recited in the claims of the copending application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thomas D. Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-

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7436. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (7:30-5:00), alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on (571) 272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thomas D. Lee Primary Examiner Art Unit 2624

tdl September 28, 2005